NARRATOR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANTI-RACIST LEGAL REPRESENTATION

1. Respond to parent, youth and family needs as they define them:

- When responding to the case as an attorney or interdisciplinary team member, focus less on
 what happened and more on the *reason* for what happened. That will help you understand
 the best ways to support the child, parents, and family by understanding what they really
 want and need.
- Be honest and tell parents the truth. Sometimes social workers and others tell parents things because they are afraid of the parents getting angry but they need to understand the situation with transparency.
- Help parents understand the law.
- Advocate zealously.

Narrator Quotes:

"Be more mindful of people's financial situations. For example, rent. The foster care system doesn't determine rent, it doesn't determine where you live, it doesn't determine wages. But those are all factors that we use to examine people. There are lots of threats to reunification such a housing, transportation and a lack of resources that all stem from access to money."

"People can't comply with the laws if they don't know them. We have to find a way to teach people about the consequences of certain behaviors which are often steeped in how they were raised."

"Be more sensitive about financial situation and what the criteria we require for a parent to be considered ready for reunification. I had a case where the GAL said that the mother should take her kid to Disney World. Going to Disney World is a privilege, it is not a necessity. To live, I don't need to go to Disney. I want to go, but as a system, that's not a criteria we should use to judge parents or to say when they are ready for reunification. Most of the time these people [who make these recommendations] don't look like me. That case ended in TPR."

"Don't be too quick to just put a mental health diagnosis on kids requiring them to go on medications. Some children may just be missing their parents, siblings and families and that is why they are acting out."

"I was a victim of domestic violence so leaving that relationship and finding a job while having to complete a case plan was extremely overwhelming to me. I didn't have any support from a mentor or advocated. The timeline was unworkable. By the time I was ready to start doing something, I was out of time and my kids were already on their way to adoption. We need to give parents the time to get their lives together. Parents have so much to overcome that they can't do it in six months."

2. Model patience and kindness:

- Make sure you are showing patience and kindness to all families, regardless of race, culture
 or ethnicity.
- Don't judge the parents or the child before you get to know them.
- Listen to kids when they tell you their needs and wants while in care.
- Understand that parents and children are watching how you interact with others.

Narrator Quotes:

"Be patient with kids because some of our behaviors stem from being in foster care."

"Judges need to be caring and respectful. You are making decisions and recommendations about people's lives, people you have never met before and you are placing children in group homes you have never been to."

"Be mindful of how our interactions are perceived, "I've seen everyone act like their hate each other in the courtroom only to share an edible arrangement after court is over."

"You see the difference in treatment so clearly when it comes to drug use. With white parents, you see the patience from case managers offering safety plans and doctors offering to help them stop their drug use. On the other hand, Black moms who smoke marijuana end up having their children removed and placed in foster care."

"Resources given to parents in my neighborhood are going to be really different from those given in the white neighborhoods, depending on those zip codes.

3. Ensure client communication meets client needs:

- Make sure to talk with your client in between court hearings, not just when you need
 information for the case. Even if you can't get everything you want to happen on a case, it
 makes a big difference to have lawyers talk with their clients and demonstrate respect for
 their wishes.
- Lawyers need to communicate with clients and have space for those conversations to
 happen in safe places. For example, children should not be interviewed in their schools in
 ways that embarrass them and result in them being labeled by other students and teachers
 as a "foster care kid".
- Take time to build rapport with clients. Trust building is important and understanding what a youth or parent has been through takes time before they will open up and talk with you.
- Give more time to parent clients.
- Listen. Listen. Instead of focusing on just being heard make sure to listen to your client. It is so clear when an attorney is in a rush and not really listening to what their client is saying. Make sure to have compassion for your client and make a genuine connection.

Narrator Quotes:

"If a social worker pulls a child out of their class, then the case is no longer confidential."

"I really didn't speak to my attorney much. We didn't have conversations, it was just court hearings and that's it. Now that I work on an interdisciplinary team, I really advocate for my parents to have good, positive relationships with their attorneys because I didn't know how important that was when I went through it. I thought attorneys were just there to work for the system too."

"A lot of clients just hear from their lawyers near the court date and the clients don't feel like they can reach out to them in between."

"I have seen attorneys in the courtroom who forget their client's face and name. If we are trying to do better as a system then high quality legal representation needs to be at the top of the list."

"My second attorney was so different. She was so informative and always let me know what was going on with my case and advocated for me when things needed to be addressed or changed."

"When you have an attorney who is really advocating for you and listening to you, it makes a huge difference."

"I have seen attorneys here go to shelters and home visits to meet with their clients when the clients don't answer phones. They really communicate and get back to clients."

"How can someone fight for you if they don't know you?"

4. Recognize my voice and identity and don't take my power.

- Even if a client is not "polished" don't get in the way of them using their voice to say what they need to say, to feel heard.
- Acknowledge on the record all the ways that parents are trying.
- Ask me about my identity and what defines me and is important to me.
- Recognize that being in foster care has it's own identity implications and can be used a label by others in unfair ways.
- Understand my identity is that I am a mother.
- Do not ever let your clients be talked about in racist ways by others.
- Do not let your clients be labeled in harmful ways by others.

Narrator Quotes

"After I was removed from my mother the teachers and kids identified me 'a foster child' and teachers remarked, 'of course, we should have known."

"I believe I was treated like I was ghetto and like I had a bad attitude, which at times I did have. I had a therapist who said, 'As a Black girl from Richmond, I know you are angry and have anger management problems.' How likely do you think I was to share, confide and work with this therapist?"

"If you want to learn about my culture ask me a question about my culture. Why don't you believe what I believe in my brain or what I know in my brain about my own culture?"

"Lawyers who aren't Black need to educate themselves on their own bias and microaggressions to be able to identify them and challenge them when they are being implemented."

"it's the removal that did not take my identity into account at all. The majority of my identity was being a mother...going through that traumatic process without your identity being recognized and without it being recognized as a positive or as proof of connection to your children, but instead it's recognized as a deficit, it's demonized... The grief, loss, and trauma of losing that part of your identity is not recognized either."

"The first attorney I had didn't call until the day right before a court hearing. He used to tell me not to say anything in court...It shows when the attorneys are there for the client versus when they are just there to get to the next job. With my [next] attorney, I always felt heard and listened to."

"There are lots of ways to help connect us more to those traditions we were brought up with, such as Chinese New Years for those of us who are Chinese."

5. Seek and respond to youth and parent input on home preferences and family connection:

- If a removal has occurred, ask youth clients who they feel most at home with and why.
- Don't be afraid to ask them questions about how it would feel to live in a home with strangers who have a different ethnicity. That is important information to understand because it is a part of meeting a child's needs in care.
- You can acknowledge that there is a shortage of foster homes available and there is no
 guarantee about placements, but it is still important to show each child that everyone is
 making an effort to ask about their preferences and try to find a home where they feel most
 comfortable.
- Always make an effort to look for relative placements.

Narrator Quotes:

"It was so important to have some form of relationship with my family, even if it was just through visits. Otherwise you get lost and lose your connection to your roots.

"Taking my opinion into account makes me feel validated, that my opinion is valued."

"I am eternally grateful that my own family stepped up for me. It made a huge difference that those caring for my children never made me feel bad and they had faith that I would get my children back."

"After my case closed, I was introduced to various family members and realized that one of my foster homes was on the same block as a relative."

"Everyone has some kind of village or support surrounding them. It may not look like your village or what you think a village ought to look like, but I have the support systems in place."

6. Hold government agencies accountable

- Note on the record if professionals from the agency don't do their job or even don't show up to court on time.
- Make sure services like therapists and treatment centers provide actual support to clients and vary based on the individual.
- Identify and challenge the ways structural issues of poverty and racism play out in individual cases
- Address racism regardless of who causes it.

Narrator Quotes:

"If a mother is late, she is penalized but if the agency is late it's acceptable."

"Time is so limited at treatment centers. It feels like they just want to get people in and out and not hear their stories and understand them. Service providers often don't show the compassion that parents need."

"If the government needs to pay for services to help a family they should be ordered to pay. It isn't fair to keep children and parents separated when the answer is financial and not neglect or abuse."

"I didn't get the right treatment throughout my case. I was undocumented at that time and being undocumented made it harder for me to get services. Very few resources were available for undocumented people."

"The system is removing our children due to issues that should be rights for every person. Those same dollars we take and use for foster care – paying the foster parent, paying for free child care, free transportation – if we could just flip that on its head and pay to keep that child home – pay for child care, help the mother with her rent – these real and tangible solutions recognize the humanity of the people involved in the system."

"I love to see motions to show cause. Ask yourself what is supposed to happen that is not happening. Holding people accountable on every level and being able to challenge it is key."

"I see it all the time that Black and Brown parents don't get visits for one reason or another and no one makes a fuss."

"If there is a housing shortage, a job shortage, all these different things, why are we still holding individuals accountable for systemic failures? I grew up in deep, deep poverty, in one of the worst projects in the city. How is it my mother's fault that there is zero generational wealth in our family? How is it her fault that I will be one of the first in my family to go to college? Is that not the system's failure?"

"If the child welfare system is supposed to be for families, to preserve family at any cost unless it is extremely contrary to the safety of the child, we have to stop. It is unfair that we are induvial parents are held to a higher standard than the very people who work within the system."

"In the future, the system will be looked at as completely racist. Regardless of whether you have Black people at the helm and Black professionals in the system, you're still perpetuating this racism."